METABOLISM : The sum of all biochemical yeartions metabolism "OR" The set of biochemical reactions that occur in living organisms in order to maintain lite is called metabolism, the term metabolism is derived trom greek word meaning "change" the concept of metabolism was of all given by Ibn-e-Natees who stated that "the body and its parts always undergoing change, there are two types of metabolism, catabolism and anabolism.

1: Catabolism: The process in which large molecules are broken down into simpler molecules by veleasing of energy is called catabolism. Examples > RISPIRATION

C6H12O6 +6O2 - 6CO2 + 6H2O + Energy

Sucrose + H20 Glucose + Fructose + ATP

2: Anabolism : The process in which small molecules combine to torm large molecules by utilizing of energy is called anabolism.

Examples: PHOTOSYNTHESIS

SAYED REDUL MASTAN

6002 + 12H20 Sun light C6H12O6 + 602 + 6H2O Glucose + Fructose + ATP - Sucrose + Hio

The characteristics of all living thing such as breathing reproduction growth and response to stimuli are the outcome of biochemical veactions taking place inside the body of a living organisms.